



KING'S LEADERSHIP ACADEMY BOLTON

Special Educational Needs Policy

Approved by: Trust board

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Contents

- 1. INTRODUCTION 2
- 2. SEND CORE VALUES 2
- 3. AIMS OF THE SEND POLICY 3
- 4. THE SEND CODE OF PRACTICE 2014 3
- 5. DEFINITIONS 4
- 6. Broad areas of need There are 4 broad categories of need outlined in the SEND Code 5
- 7. THE LOCAL OFFER 6
- 8. THE SCHOOL SEND INFORMATION REPORT 6
- 9. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE GREAT SCHOOLS TRUST 7
- 10. SEND IDENTIFICATION & ASSESSMENT 10
- 11. SEND SUPPORT AND PROVISION 10
- 12. INCLUSION 11
- 13. COMPLAINTS 11

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. The Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) policy is designed to meet both statutory requirements with regard to SEND and the day to day needs of our academies and their stakeholders (parents, LA, related agencies staff and students). At The Great Schools Trust there are a number of key principles that underpin the approach to SEND in our academies. These are being person centred; developing confidence and resilience; encouraging aspiration and achievement; a strong focus on Inclusive Quality First Teaching; high expectations for all; supporting learners to overcome barriers to learning; use of individual support strategies; and a clear graduated approach.

2. SEND CORE VALUES

- 2.1. The Great Schools Trust has a 6 core values for SEND: 1 The Great Schools Trust emphasises a ‘person centred approach’ which supports the resilience and well-being of our students. We value student and parental engagement thereby sustaining a welcoming, effective and inclusive school culture.
- 2.2. Our schools aim to provide an inclusive, supportive and positive learning environment. We aim to support all SEND learners to have the confidence and selfesteem to aim high, achieve their aspirations and maximise their full potential.
- 2.3. High quality teaching, differentiated for individual students is the first step in responding to all learners including those that have SEND. We believe that additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of inclusive

'quality first' teaching.

- 2.4. Our teachers have high expectations of all learners and aim to be fully equipped with the skills, enthusiasm and supportive attitude allowing our students to overcome any barriers to learning. We use individual support strategies outlined on a SEND 'Learner Profile' and provide access to additional, targeted teacher input where needed
- 2.5. We have a clear SEND identification and assessment approach to ensure standardised entry and exit criteria is used to identify additional needs at the earliest possible stage. We aim to make effective use of external partnerships including links with primary schools and other specialist professionals.
- 2.6. Our SENCOs aim to promptly implement effective targeted support and provision for learners identified as SEND to improve the long-term outcomes for all our learners. We aim to use a graduated approach to 'Assess, Plan, Do, Review' the support and interventions in place for our SEND Learners.

3. AIMS OF THE SEND POLICY

- 3.1. This policy document is produced in response to the SEND Code of Practice 2014 which provides statutory guidance on duties, policies and procedures for schools. It relates to children and young people with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND). The 2 aim of the policy is to ensure that there are clear guidelines for all parties around SEND; that all pupils are given equal opportunity to develop their talents and abilities to their full potential both inside the classroom and outside. At all stages, the wellbeing of the individual is paramount; and that additional support is met when necessary. These aims are met by a whole-school approach to Special Educational Needs provision recognizing that SEND is the responsibility of everyone and with all teaching staff taking responsibility for meeting individual needs and progress made towards outcomes. Other academy policies reflect this approach.
- 3.2. The policy outlines the actions that our academies should take to meet their duties in relation to identifying and supporting all children with SEND whether or not they have an Education, Health and Care (EHC) plan as outlined in Section 6 of the SEND Code of Practice 2014.

4. THE SEND CODE OF PRACTICE 2014

- 4.1. The SEND Code of Practice 2014 reflects the aims of Children and Families Act 2014 and associated regulations that applies to children and young people with special educational needs and disabled children and young people. The associated regulations are:
 - 4.1.1. The Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014
 - 4.1.2. The Special Educational Needs (Personal Budgets) Regulations 2014
 - 4.1.3. The Special Educational Needs and Disability (Detained Persons) Regulations 2015
 - 4.1.4. The Children and Families Act 2014 (Transitional and Saving Provisions) (No 2) Order 2014
- 4.2. A 'young person' in this context is a person over compulsory school age and under 25. Compulsory school age ends on the last Friday of June in the academic year in which they become 16.
- 4.3. There is a clear focus in the SEND Code of Practice on the participation of children and young people and parents in decision-making at individual and strategic levels. It emphasizes high aspirations and a focus on improving outcomes for children and young people; and includes

guidance on the joint planning and commissioning of services to ensure close co-operation between education, health and social care. There is also an emphasis on support that enables those with SEND to succeed in their education and make a successful transition to adulthood.

5. DEFINITIONS

5.1. Special Educational Needs (taken from the SEND Code of Practice 2014)

5.1.1. A child or young person has SEND if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her.

5.1.2. A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions

5.1.3. Post-16 institutions often use the term learning difficulties and disabilities (LDD). The term SEND is used in the new Code of Practice across the 0-25 age range but includes LLD.

5.2. Disabled children and young people Many children and young people who have special educational needs may have a disability under the Equality Act 2010 – that is ‘...a physical or mental impairment which has a long term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities’. This definition provides a relatively low threshold and includes more children than many realise: ‘long term’ is defined as a ‘year or more’ and ‘substantial’ is defined as ‘more than minor or trivial’. This definition includes sensory impairments such as those affecting sight or hearing, and long term health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, and cancer. Children and young people with such conditions do not necessarily have special educational needs, but there is a significant overlap between disabled children and young people and those with SEN. Where a child or young person requires special educational provision over and above the adjustments, aids and services required by the Equality Act 2010 they will be additionally covered by the SEND definition.

5.3. Reasonable Adjustments All academies have duties under the Equality Act 2010 towards individual disabled children and young people. They must make reasonable adjustments, including the provision of auxiliary aids and services for disabled children, to prevent them being put at a substantial disadvantage. These duties are anticipatory – they require thought to be given in advance to what disabled children and young people might require and what adjustments might need to be made to prevent that disadvantage. Academies also have wider duties to prevent discrimination, to promote equality of opportunity and to foster good relations. Where a child or young person is covered by SEN and disability legislation, reasonable adjustments and access arrangements should be considered as part of SEND planning and review.

6. Broad areas of need There are 4 broad categories of need outlined in the SEND Code of Practice 2014:

- 6.1. Communication and interaction Children and young people with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication. The profile for every child with SLCN is different and their needs may change over time. They may have difficulty with one, some or all of the different aspects of speech, language or social communication at different times of their lives. Children and young people with an Autism Spectrum Disorder, including Asperger's Syndrome and Autism, are likely to have particular difficulties with social interaction. They may also experience difficulties with language, communication, social interaction and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others.
- 6.2. Cognition and learning Support for learning difficulties may be required when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs, including moderate learning difficulties (MLD), severe learning difficulties (SLD), where children are likely to need support in all areas of the curriculum and associated difficulties with mobility and communication, through to have severe and complex learning difficulties as well as a physical disability or sensory impairment. Specific learning difficulties (SpLD), affect one or more specific aspects of learning. This encompasses a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.
- 6.3. Social, emotional and mental health difficulties Children and young people may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour. This behaviour may reflect underlying mental health difficulties such as anxiety or depression, self-harming, substance misuse, eating disorders or physical symptoms that are medically unexplained. Other children and young people may have disorders such as attention deficit disorder, attention deficit hyperactive disorder or attachment disorder. Schools and colleges should have clear processes to support children and young people, including how they will manage the effect of any disruptive behaviour so it does not adversely affect other pupils.
- 6.4. Sensory and/or physical needs Some children and young people require special educational provision because they have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and may fluctuate over time. Many children and young people with vision impairment (VI), hearing impairment (HI) or a multisensory impairment (MSI) will require specialist support and/or equipment to access their learning. Children and young people with an MSI have a combination of vision and hearing difficulties, which makes it even more difficult for them to access the curriculum or study programme than for those with a single sensory impairment. Information on how to provide services for deafblind is available through the Deafblind guidance. Some children and young people with a physical disability (PD) require additional ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.

7. THE LOCAL OFFER

7.1. All local authorities must publish a Local Offer setting out in one place information about provision they expect to be available across education, health and social care for children and young people in their area who have SEN or are disabled, including those who do not have Education, Health and Care (EHC) plans. In setting out what they 'expect to be available', local authorities should include provision which they believe will actually be available. The Local Offer has two key purposes:

- 7.1.1. To provide clear, comprehensive, accessible and up-to-date information about the available provision and how to access it, and
- 7.1.2. To make provision more responsive to local needs and aspirations by directly involving disabled children and those with SEN and their parents, and disabled young people and those with SEN, and service providers in its development and review.

8. THE SCHOOL SEND INFORMATION REPORT

8.1. All academies must publish a SEND information published Report on their website. This information published should be updated annually and any changes to the information occurring during the year should be updated as soon as possible. The information required is set out in the Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014 and must include information about:

- 8.1.1. the kinds of SEND that are provided for
- 8.1.2. policies for identifying children and young people with SEN and assessing their needs, including the name and contact details of the SENCO (mainstream schools)
- 8.1.3. arrangements for consulting parents of children with SEND and involving them in their child's education
- 8.1.4. arrangements for consulting young people with SEND and involving them in their education
- 8.1.5. arrangements for assessing and reviewing children and young people's progress towards outcomes. This should include the opportunities available to work with parents and young people as part of this assessment and review
- 8.1.6. arrangements for supporting children and young people in moving between phases of education and in preparing for adulthood. As young people prepare for adulthood outcomes should reflect their ambitions, which could include higher education, employment, independent living and participation in society
- 8.1.7. the approach to teaching children and young people with SEND
- 8.1.8. how adaptations are made to the curriculum and the learning environment of children and young people with SEND
- 8.1.9. the expertise and training of staff to support children and young people with SEND, including how specialist expertise will be secured
- 8.1.10. evaluating the effectiveness of the provision made for children and young people with SEND
- 8.1.11. how children and young people with SEND are enabled to engage in activities available with children and young people in the school who do not have SEND

- 8.1.12. support for improving emotional and social development. This should include extra pastoral support arrangements for listening to the views of children and young people with SEND and measures to prevent bullying
- 8.1.13. how the school involves other bodies, including health and social care bodies, local authority support services and voluntary sector organisations, in meeting children and young people's SEND and supporting their families
- 8.1.14. arrangements for handling complaints from parents of children with SEND about the provision made at the school.

9. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE GREAT SCHOOLS TRUST

- 9.1. The Role of the Governing Body The Trust Board will ensure that in line with the SEND Code of Practice legal requirements for each academy in the trust there is a qualified teacher designated as SENCO. They must ensure that the starting the post, and that this is a postgraduate course accredited by a recognized higher education provider. There should be a member of the Trust Board and Local Advisory Groups with specific oversight of the school's arrangements for SEN and disability.
- 9.2. Academy responsibilities School leaders should regularly review how expertise and resources are used to address SEND can be used to build the quality of whole-school provision and raise attainment levels as part of their approach to school improvement. When appointing staff or arranging for them to study for a National Award school leaders should satisfy themselves that the chosen course will meet these outcomes and equip the SENCO to fulfil the duties outlined in this SEND Code of Practice 2014. All academies in The Great Schools Trust will:
 - 9.2.1. Comply with the Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice 2014.
 - 9.2.2. Ensure SEND provision is provided for students with learning difficulties resulting from a range of needs, including Communication and interaction, Cognition and learning, Social, emotional and mental health difficulties and Sensory and/or physical needs. Provision will vary according to the severity of need.
 - 9.2.3. Enable every student, including those with special educational needs, has an entitlement to fulfil his or her potential.
 - 9.2.4. Recognise its duty of care to all students, including those with special educational needs.
 - 9.2.5. Promote and encourage students to become independent in all aspects of life
 - 9.2.6. Ensure that every student follows a curriculum that is suited to their ability and any particular needs they may have to enable them to enjoy and achieve.
 - 9.2.7. Provide high quality teaching, differentiated for individual pupils, as the first step in responding to pupils who have SEND. Where possible, Inclusion Support Workers should be attached to DDL coaching groups in order work collaboratively on the development of inclusive teaching skills.
 - 9.2.8. Ensure the progress of all SEND students is tracked by all leaders & teaching staff as part of the academy assessment cycle to ensure early intervention can be put in place.
 - 9.2.9. Ensure the SEND provision for any student will be compatible with the efficient education of the other students at the academy and the efficient use of the School's existing resources.

- 9.2.10. Ensure the full inclusion of students with SEND in all aspects of school life, including the curriculum, extra- curricular activities and school trips.
- 9.2.11. Ensure the SEND Learner Profile is made readily available to all staff to ensure that identified needs are met and that individuals have access to differentiated support to succeed in lessons and maximize their potential. The use of these should be subject to ongoing monitoring by leaders to ensure that needs are being met in the classroom and that, where possible, SEND students are effectively supported to overcome barriers to learning.
- 9.2.12. Maintain the highest standards of behaviour and that all students are encouraged to develop independence with regard to their behaviour. The Positive Discipline system applies to all students including those with SEND. Extra support will be given to those identified with a SEND that may present with behaviour issues outside of the learning environment.
- 9.2.13. Work in partnership with parents to ensure every student with SEND is well supported. At all stages of the special needs process, the school will keep parents fully informed and involved and parents are encouraged to make a full and active contribution to their child's education.
- 9.2.14. Where appropriate, engage with external agencies to ensure the delivery of effective SEND provision.
- 9.2.15. Provide training to all staff on special educational needs, both in relation to individual students and particular types of needs. This training includes induction for new members of staff as well as on-going Continuing Professional Development (CPD).
- 9.2.16. Comply with the Equality Act (2010) and the Special Educational Needs and Disability Act (2001) in addressing any student's SEND.
- 9.2.17. Where appropriate, will make reasonable adjustments for a student with special educational needs.
- 9.2.18. Seek to ensure value for money and the most effective and efficient deployment of resource when supporting students with SEND.
- 9.2.19. From Year 9 onwards, liaise with key staff to ensure appropriate planning is in place to support a young person's transition to adult life, particularly for those with Education and Health and Care plans.
- 9.2.20. Give support, advice and reinforcement as well as share information and agree targets in order to enable progress when working with parents of students with SEND.
- 9.3. SENCO Responsibilities Each academy has a SENCO that is lined managed by an SLT lead for SEND. The SENCO is responsible to the Director of SEND for The Great Schools Trust who by virtue of their role is responsible for:
 - 9.3.1. the coordination of SEND across the Trust;
 - 9.3.2. ensuring all academies operate within the agreed framework
 - 9.3.3. ensuring all academies' practice is regularly reviewed to incorporate the most current approaches and training is provided to staff to refresh and update their work as appropriate.
 - 9.3.4. The SENCO is responsible for:
 - 9.3.5. The day to day operation of the school's SEND Policy.

- 9.3.6. Arranging necessary SEND support for students and directing staff where appropriate in relation to this.
- 9.3.7. Coordinating SEND Assessments, Statutory EHC Assessments, Annual Reviews, and Testing for Access and is responsible for overseeing the Whole School SEND Provision Map.
- 9.3.8. Maintaining close links with Multi-Agency Teams to maintain effective partnerships with external agencies and professionals
- 9.3.9. Working in partnership with colleagues, pupils and outside agencies to set, monitor and review short-term objectives on the individual Learner Profiles and SEND Provision Overviews.
- 9.3.10. Overseeing the records of all pupils with SEND.
- 9.3.11. Taking responsibility for the management and effective deployment of the Inclusion Support Workers.
- 9.3.12. Liaising with and advising colleagues on matters pertaining to SEND.
- 9.3.13. Coordinating provision for pupils with Special Educational Needs.
- 9.3.14. Overseeing the graduated approach paperwork to ensure a consistent 'Assess, Plan, Do Review' model is used to inform provision. This includes SEND Referrals and concerns, SEND Assessment Trackers, Learner Profiles, Individual SEND Provision Overviews, SEND Intervention Planning and Recording, and SEND Communication Log.
- 9.3.15. Ensuring the statutory requirements for students with an Education, health and Care Plan (EHCP) are met including provision mapped out in the document, organising and leading Annual Review meetings and writing Annual Review documents.
- 9.3.16. Liaising with parents/carers of children with SEND.
- 9.3.17. Managing work with external agencies including the Educational Psychology Service.
- 9.3.18. Providing professional guidance, SEND Red File monitoring and delivering SEND related CPD to secure Inclusive Quality First Teaching.
- 9.3.19. Ensuring pupils are set targets for improvement and that Wave 2 and 3 Interventions are implemented/developed effectively and having impact to meet these.
- 9.3.20. Where necessary attend professionals and agency meetings for learners on the SEND register including EPEPs and early help meetings.
- 9.3.21. Liaise with Pastoral staff to ensure that all needs of SEND students are met including having friends and supportive relationships, and participating in, and contributing to, the local community.
- 9.3.22. Monitor and analyse cohort, attendance, behavior and progress data for SEND as well as conducted reviews other areas of operation and practice. Where requested to report on this should be made available to the Head of School, Trust Board, Local Advisory Group, Director of SEND and The Great Schools Trust.
- 9.4. Teachers Responsibilities The quality of teaching for pupils with SEND, and the progress made by pupils, should be a core part of the school's performance management arrangements and

its approach to professional development for all teaching and support staff. School leaders and teaching staff, including the SENCO, should identify any patterns in the identification of SEND, both within the school and in comparison with national data, and use these to reflect on and reinforce the quality of teaching. Lessons should be planned to address potential areas of difficulty and to remove barriers to pupil achievement. In many cases, such planning will mean that pupils with SEND will be able to study the full national curriculum. All teachers are expected to use the individual SEND student information made available to them to inform the planning and delivery of lessons. 8 This includes EHCPs, Learner Profiles and professionals' reports.

10. SEND IDENTIFICATION & ASSESSMENT

- 10.1. In line with the SEND Code of Practice 2014, The Great Schools Trust has developed a clear approach to identifying and responding to SEND. Our aim is to maintain a structured assessment process throughout Key Stage 3 that ensures early identification and intervention of SEND. Through our clearly defined and staged assessment programme we are able to identify any additional needs at the earliest possible stage and promptly implement effective provision to improve the long-term outcomes for all our learners.
- 10.2. There are 3 core SEND assessment stages at key transition points throughout Key Stage 3 to ensure early identification of any additional needs: Stage 1: Year 7 Transition Assessments Stage 2: SEND Diagnostic Assessments Stage 3: End of Key Stage 3 Access Arrangements Assessments.
- 10.3. Alongside this model of early identification, referrals for SEND support and assessment can be made at any time in a learner's school career by staff and/or parents where there are significant concerns with attendance, behavior or progress through submission of a SEND Referral Form to the SENCO and where deemed appropriate, SEND Assessments will be conducted (See 'Assess, Plan, Do, Review' see below).
- 10.4. The Director of SEND, SENCO and Transition lead, where appropriate, work closely with feeder primary schools and parents/carers to ensure SEND students are correctly identified and supported during their period of transition.
- 10.5. The SENCO will refer a student to an external agency but will only do so after consulting with and obtaining the consent of parents.
- 10.6. Parents can request an assessment for an EHC plan and should liaise with the SENCO about the process and if this is appropriate for to meet the needs of their child.

11. SEND SUPPORT AND PROVISION

- 11.1. In line with the SEND Code of Practice 2014 our academies implement a structured 'Assess, Plan, Do, Review' model. The 'Graduated Approach' includes the following documents:
 - 11.1.1. Assess:
 - 11.1.1.1. SEND01 Referral & Concern Form
 - 11.1.1.2. SEND02 Assessment Tracker
 - 11.1.2. Plan:
 - 11.1.2.1. SEND03 Learner Profile

11.1.2.2. SEND04 Individual Provision Overview

11.1.2.3. SEND05 Intervention Plan

11.1.3. Do:

11.1.3.1. SEND06 Record of Intervention Review:

11.1.3.2. SEND07 Communication Log

11.2. A SEND register exists for each academy and is maintained by the SENCO.

Students on the register are categorised as K for SEND support and E for those with an EHC Plan in line 9 with the new SEN Code of Practice. The SEND Register is available on Bromcom & the school network and is accessible to all staff. The SEND Register is a fluid document that is constantly updated and the numbers of students on the register and the information contained will be subject to change. The SEND Register details a breakdown of the various needs within the academy and provides generic tendencies as well as suggested strategies to support pupil progress.

11.3. Each Academy has a Whole School Provision Map which includes data on the '3 Waves of Intervention'. It provides a comprehensive overview of all support, intervention and provision that has been accessed by learners on the SEND register. Data should be inputted and maintained by key staff including SEND, Head of Departments, Head of Year, Attendance staff, Behaviour Support Workers, and the PD lead. There is a separate tab for each category of support with information about individual pupils and the interventions they are receiving, including their start & end dates as well as baseline data and impact

11.4. All K students on the SEND register have an Individual SEND Provision Overview which includes an agreed SMART outcome and their personal provision details. Details of the provision for E students is outlined in their EHCP, this will contain the "targets", "provisions" and "outcomes".

11.5. All students on the SEND Register have a Learner Profile that includes an overview of their needs and recommended support strategies.

12. INCLUSION

12.1. Inclusion Where necessary, alternative provision and additional resources (including staffing) may be put in place to ensure students with special educational needs are fully included in all aspects of school life, including the curriculum, extra- curricular programme and school trips. Any decisions in relation to the above will be taken by the appropriate people, including the Headteacher and SENCO.

13. COMPLAINTS

13.1. Complaints If a parent has a complaint about a special educational needs matter, s/he should follow the procedures laid down in the Trust's Complaints Policy.

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| SEND code of practice: DFE | Website Link |
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